14

PCT/GB2003/003384

CLAIMS

WO 2004/013322

- A method for the degradation of lignocellulosic material by applying to the material an enzyme composition which is a mixture comprising at least a cellulase, xylanase and ligninase, and optionally other enzymes, to solubilise or decompose the material at least partially.
 - 2. A method according to claim 1 in which the enzyme composition further includes a protease, lipase, urease, uricase, and/or pectinase

10

5

3. A method of removing a biological deposit from a surface or location on or in which it is undesirably deposited, by applying to the deposit an enzyme composition which is a mixture comprising at least a cellulase, xylanase and ligninase to solubilise or decompose the deposit.

15

- 4. A method according to claim 3 in which the deposit is human or animal faeces and the enzyme composition comprises a protease, lipase, urease, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase
- 20 5. A method according to claim 3 in which the deposit is bird droppings and the enzyme composition comprises a uricase, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase
 - 6. A method according to claim 3 in which the deposit is leaves and the enzyme composition comprises a pectinase, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase

25

- 7. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6 in which the enzyme composition is a mechanical blend of the enzymes.
- 8. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6 in which the enzyme

 30 composition includes an enzyme mixture obtainable by cultivating a fungus selected from the class of White Rot Fungi in a liquid growth medium and harvesting the enzymes produced by the fungus from the liquid growth medium.

WO 2004/013322 PCT/GB2003/003384

15

- 9. A method according to claim 8, in which the fungus is cultivated in the presence of dung or a dung extract as an auxiliary growth medium.
- 5 10. An enzyme composition useful to solubilise or decompose a biological deposit.
 which is a enzyme mixture comprising at least a cellulase, xylanase and ligninase, and at least one other enzyme selected from a protease, lipase, urease, uricase, and pectinase.

10

- 11. A composition according to claim 10 in which the deposit is human or animal faeces and the enzyme composition comprises a protease, lipase, urease, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase
- 15 12. A composition according to claim 10 in which the deposit is bird droppings and the enzyme composition comprises a uricase, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase
 - 13. A composition according to claim 10 in which the deposit is leaves and the enzyme composition comprises a pectinase, cellulase, xylanase and ligninase

20

14. A composition according to any one of claims 10 to 13 in which the enzyme composition includes an enzyme mixture obtained by cultivating a fungus selected from the class of White Rot Fungi in a liquid growth medium and harvesting the enzymes produced by the fungus from the liquid growth medium.

25

- 15. A composition according to claim 14, in which the fungus is cultivated in the presence of dung or a dung extract as an auxiliary growth medium.
- 16. A composition according to claim 15 in which the fungus is selected from the30 family *Polyporaceae*.

WO 2004/013322 PCT/GB2003/003384

16

- 17. A composition according to claim15 or 16, in which the enzyme mixture includes cellulase, xylanase and laccase enzymes.
- 18. A composition according to claim 17 in which the fungus is selected from the species Coriolus, Pleurotus and Ganoderma.
 - 19. A composition according to claim 16 in which the fungus is selected from Coriolus versicolor, Pleurotus ostreatus and Ganoderma applanatum.
- 10 20. A composition according to claim 15, in which the enzyme mixture includes cellulase, xylanase and lignin peroxidase enzymes.
 - 21. A composition according to claim 20 in which the fungus is selected from the species *Phanerochaete*.
 - 22. A composition according to claim 21 in which the fungus is *Phanerochaete* chrysosporium.
- 23. A composition according to any one of claims 14 to 22 in which, after a
 20 suitable growth period, residues are removed from the nutrient medium by filtration, and the enzyme mixture is harvested, and then dried.
 - 24. A composition according to claim 23 in which the enzyme mixture is freeze-dried or spray-dried.composition.

15